Overview

Novel **hybrid control** framework that achieves specifications involving **safety** and **sequence of events**

Demonstrated for side-to-side motion on indoor quadrocopter

Control Specifications

Safety constraints form an allowable polytopic region in the state space

Temporal logic specifications induce allowable directions to flow within the polytopic region

Hybrid Control Methodology

1) The allowable region is triangulated
2) A sequence of triangles, satisfying the temporal logic specifications, is determined
3) The sequence is implemented by low level affine feedback controllers defined for each triangle

Results

A demonstration on an indoor quadrocopter shows that the proposed methodology can meet the safety and strict sequencing specifications, even under severe unmodeled disturbances

Future Work

We are currently working towards temporal logic specifications in 2D and 3D for single and multiple quadrocopters in the presence of obstacles. Our approach reuses this 1D result in each direction to reduce complexity
Safe and Robust Robot Maneuvers Based on Reach Control
Marijan Vukosavljev, Ivo Jansen, Mireille E. Broucke, Angela P. Schoellig

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Control Specifications - Application

**Objective**: transport the quadrocopter back and forth along the $x$-direction

**Safety**:
- $(S1)$ room wall boundaries
- $(S2)$ speed limit
- $(S3)$ deceleration towards walls

**Liveness**:
- $(L1)$ minimum cruise speed
- $(L2)$ and $(L3)$ turnaround acceleration

**Desired Temporal Sequence**:
- $(T1)$ pass through $B_{right}$ and $B_{left}$ alternatingly

Modeling:
Reduced dynamics in $x$-direction are
\[
\ddot{x} = g \tan \theta := u,
\]
where the input to design is the pitch angle, $\theta$

The other directions are stabilized in a standard way
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**Hybrid Control Methodology - Application**

1) Triangulation into 20 triangles
2) A sequence of triangles to reach the right side. Symmetry is used to implement moving to the left. Automation of this procedure is formalized in [1]
3) Affine feedback controllers constructed on each triangle. Overall results in a closed-loop behavior satisfying the safety and temporal specifications

Nominal closed-loop response
Left-to-right closed-loop response

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Hybrid Control Methodology – Reach Control Problem
The Reach Control Problem (RCP)
Given a simplex with a specified exit facet (e.g. \( F_0 \)) and restricted facets (e.g. \( F_1 \) and \( F_2 \)), solving the RCP determines an affine feedback controller such that trajectories starting in the simplex only leave through the exit facet

Quadropter Application
Affine feedback control law in terms of position and velocity:

\[
 u = k_1 x + k_2 \dot{x} + k_3. 
\]

Gains determined by interpolating feasible control values selected at simplex vertices

References
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